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Henry Vaughan - poems -

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Henry Vaughan(1621 - 23 April 1695)

Henry Vaughan was a Welsh physician and metaphysical poet.

Vaughan and his twin brother the hermetic philosopher and alchemist Thomas Vaughan, were the sons of Thomas Vaughan and his wife Denise (née Morgan) of 'Trenewydd', Newton, in Brecknockshire, Wales. Their grandfather, William, was the owner of Tretower Court.

Vaughan spent most of his life in the village of Llansantffraed, near Brecon, where he is also buried.

Early Life

Both Henry and his twin Thomas were schooled locally by the rector of Llangattock (Crickhowell), the Rev. Matthew Herbert. This occupied six years preceding their attendance at Jesus College, Oxford, England in 1638. However, around 1640, Vaughan's family influenced him to pursue a career in law to the abandonment of an Oxford degree.

As the Civil War developed, he was recalled home from London, initially to serve as a secretary to Sir Marmaduke Lloyd, a chief justice on the Brecknockshire circuit and staunch royalist. Military service interrupted his study of the law and, upon his return, Vaughan began to practise medicine. By 1646, he had married Catherine Wise with whom he reared a son, Thomas, and three daughters, Lucy, Frances, and Catherine. After his first wife's death, he married her sister, Elizabeth.

Secular Works

Vaughan took his literary inspiration from his native environment and chose the descriptive name "Silurist," derived from his homage to the Silures, the Celtic tribe of pre-Roman south Wales which strongly resisted the Romans. This name is a reflection of the deep love Vaughan felt towards the Welsh mountains of his home in what is now part of the Brecon Beacons National Park and the River Usk valley where he spent most of his early life and professional life.

By 1647 Henry Vaughan, with his wife and children, had chosen life in the country. This is the setting in which Vaughan wrote Olor Iscanus, the (Swan of Usk). However, this collection was not published until 1651, more than three years after it was written. It is believed that there was great crisis in Vaughan's

life between the authorship and publication of Olor Iscanus. During these years, his grandfather William Vaughan died and he was evicted from his living in Llansantffraed. Vaughan later decried the publication, having "long ago condemned these poems to obscurity".

Olor Iscanus is filled with odd words and similes that beg for attention despite its dark and morbid cognitive appeal. This work is founded on crises felt in Vaughan's homeland, Brecknockshire. During the Civil War there was never a major battle fought on the ground of Brecknockshire, but the effects of the war were deeply felt by Vaughan and his surrounding community. The Puritan Parliament visited misfortune on the community, ejecting many of their foes, the Anglicans and Royalists. This was an obvious source of misfortune for Vaughan, who also lost his home at that time.

There is a distinct difference between the atmosphere Vaughan attempts to convey in this work and in his most famous work, Silex Scintillans. Olor Iscanus is a direct representation of a specific period in Vaughan's life, which emphasizes other secular writers and provides allusions to debt and happy living. A fervent topic of Vaughan throughout these poems is the Civil War and reveals Vaughan's somewhat paradoxical thinking that, in the end, gives no clear conclusion to the question of his participation in the Civil War. Vaughan states his complete satisfaction of being clean on "innocent blood" but also provides what seem to be eyewitness accounts of battles and his own "soldiery". Although Vaughan is thought to have been a royalist, these poems express contempt for all current authority and a lack of zeal for the royalist cause. His poems generally reflect a sense of severe decline, which possibly means that Vaughan lamented the effects of the war on the monarchy and society. His short poem "The Timber", ostensibly about a dead tree, concludes "thy strange resentment after death / Means only those who broke - in life - thy peace."

Conversion

The period shortly preceding the publication of Henry Vaughan's Silex Scintillans marked an important period of his life. Certain indications in the first volume and explicit statements made in the preface to the second volume of Silex Scintillans suggest that Vaughan suffered a prolonged sickness that inflicted much pain. Vaughan interprets this experience to be an encounter with death and a wake-up call to his "misspent youth". Vaughan believes he is spared to make amends and start a new course not only in his life but in the literature he would produce. Vaughan himself describes his previous work as foul and a contribution to "corrupt literature". Perhaps the most notable mark of Vaughan's conversion is how much it is credited to http://www.poemhunter.com/george- herbert/">George Herbert. Vaughan claims that he is the least of Herbert's many "pious converts". It is during this period of Vaughan's life, around 1650, that he adopts the saying "moriendo, revixi", meaning "by dying, I gain new life".

Poetic Influences

It was not until Vaughan's conversion and the writing of Silex Scintillans that he received significant acclaim. He was greatly indebted to George Herbert, who provided a model for Vaughan's newly founded spiritual life and literary career, in which he displayed "spiritual quickening and the gift of gracious feeling" derived from Herbert.

Archbishop Trench has proposed that "As a divine Vaughan may be inferior [to Herbert], but as a poet he is certainly superior". Critics praise Vaughan's use of literary elements. Vaughan's use of monosyllables, long-drawn alliterations and his ability to compel the reader place Vaughan as "more than the equal of George Herbert". Yet others say that the two are not even comparable, because Herbert is in fact the Master. While these critics admit that Henry Vaughan's use of words can be superior to Herbert's, they believe his poetry is, in fact, worse. Herbert's profundity as well as consistency are said to be the key to his superiority.

While the superiority or inferiority of Vaughan and Herbert is a question with no distinct answer, one cannot deny that Vaughan would have never written the way he did without Herbert's direction. The explicit spiritual influence of Herbert on Henry Vaughan is undeniable. The preface to Vaughan's Silex Scintillans does all but proclaim this influence. The prose of Vaughan exemplifies this as well. For instance, The Temple, by Herbert, is often seen as the inspiration and model on which Vaughan created his work. Silex Scintillans is most often classed with this collection of Herbert's. Silex Scintillans borrows the same themes, experience, and beliefs as The Temple. Herbert's influence is evident both in the shape and spirituality of Vaughan's poetry. For example, the opening to Vaughan's poem 'Unprofitableness':

How rich, O Lord! How fresh thy visits are! is reminiscent of Herbert's 'The Flower': How fresh, O Lord, how sweet and clean Are thy returns! ev'n as the flowers in spring

Another work of Vaughan's that clearly parallels George Herbert is Mount of Olives, e.g., the passage, Let sensual natures judge as they please, but for my part, I shall hold it no paradoxe to affirme, there are no pleasures in the world. Some coloured griefes of blushing woes there are, which look as clear as if they were true complexions; but it is very sad and tyred truth, that they are but painted. This echoes Herbert's Rose:

<i>In this world of sugar's lies, And to use a larger measure Than my strict yet welcome size. First, there is no pleasure here: Coloure'd griefs indeed there are, Blushing woes that look as clear, As if they could beauty spare.</i>

Critics have complained that Vaughan is enslaved to Herbert's works, using similar "little tricks" such as abrupt introductions and whimsical titles as a framework for his own work, and that he "failed to learn" from Herbert. Vaughan carried an inability to know his limits and focused more on the intensity of the poem, meanwhile losing the attention of his audience.

However, Alexander Grosart denies that Henry Vaughan was solely an imitator of George Herbert (Grosart, 3). There are moments in Vaughan's writings where the reader can identify Vaughan's true self, rather than an imitation of Herbert. In such passages Vaughan is seen to demonstrate naturalness, immediacy, and ability to relate the concrete through poetry. In some instances, Vaughan derives observations from Herbert's language that are distinctly his own. It is as if Vaughan takes proprietorship of some of Herbert's work, yet makes it completely unique to himself. Henry Vaughan takes another step away from George Herbert in the manner to which he presents his poetry to the reader. George Herbert in The Temple, which is most often the source of comparison between the two writers, lays down explicit instructions on the reading of his work. This contrasts with the attitude of Vaughan, who considered the experience of reading as the best guide to his meanings. He promoted no special method of reading his works.

In these times he shows himself different from any other poet. Much of his distinction derives from an apparent lack of sympathy with the world around him. His aloof appeal to his surroundings detaches him and encourages his love of nature and mysticism, which in turn influenced other later poets, Wordsworth among others. Vaughan's mind thinks in terms of a physical and spiritual world and the obscure relation between the two. Vaughan's mind often moved to original, unfamiliar, and remote places, and this reflected in his poetry. He was loyal to the themes of the Anglican Church and religious festivals, but found his true voice in the more mystical themes of eternity, communion with the dead, nature, and childhood.A poet of revelation who uses the Bible,Nature and his own experience to illustrate his vision of eternity. Vaughan's poetry has a particularly

modern sound.

Alliteration (conspicuous in Welsh poetry)is more extensively used by Vaughan than most of his contemporaries writing English verse, noticeably in the opening to The Water-fall.

Vaughan elaborated on personal loss in two well-known poems, "The World" and "They Are All Gone into the World of Light." Another poem, "The Retreat," combines the theme of loss with the corruption of childhood, which is yet another consistent theme of Vaughan's. Vaughan's new-found personal voice and persona are seen as the result of the death of a younger brother.

This is an example of an especially beautiful fragment of one of his poems entitled "The World:"

<i>I saw eternity the other night Like a great Ring of pure and endless light, All calm, as it was bright, And round beneath it, Time in hours, days, years Driv'n by the spheres Like a vast shadow moved, In which the world And all her train were hurl'd.</i>

Death and Legacy

As is the case with many great writers and poets, Henry Vaughan was acclaimed less during his lifetime than after his death on April 23, 1695, aged 74. He is buried in the churchyard of St Bridget's, Llansantffraed, Powys. He is recognised "as another example of a poet who can write both graceful and effective prose" and influenced the work of poets such as Wordsworth, Wordsworth, Tennyson and Siegfried Sassoon. The American science fiction writer Philip K. Dick even named

Vaughan as a key influence.

A Song To Amoret

If I were dead, and, in my place, Some fresher youth designed To warm thee, with new fires; and grace Those arms I left behind:

Were he as faithful as the Sun, That's wedded to the Sphere; His blood as chaste and temperate run, As April's mildest tear;

Or were he rich; and, with his heap And spacious share of earth, Could make divine affection cheap, And court his golden birth;

For all these arts, I'd not believe (No! though he should be thine!), The mighty Amorist could give So rich a heart as mine!

Fortune and beauty thou might'st find, And greater men than I; But my true resolved mind They never shall come nigh.

For I not for an hour did love, Or for a day desire, But with my soul had from above This endless holy fire.

And Do They So?

'Etenim res creatoe exerto capite observantes expectant revelationem Filiorum Dei.'

'For created things, watching with head erect, await the revelation of the Sons of God.'

And do they so? Have they a sense Of aught but influence? Can they their heads lift, and expect, And groan too? Why the elect Can do no more; my volumes said They were all dull, and dead; They judged them senseless, and their state Wholly inanimate. Go, go, seal up thy looks, And burn thy books.

I would I were a stone, or tree, Or flower, by pedigree, Or some poor highway herb, or spring To flow, or bird to sing! Then should I, tied to one sure state, All day expect my date; But I am sadly loose, and stray A giddy blast each way; O let me not thus range, Thou canst not change!

Sometimes I sit with Thee and tarry An hour or so, then vary; Thy other creatures in this scene Thee only aim and mean; Some rise to seek Thee, and with heads Erect, peep from their beds; Others, whose birth is in the tomb, And cannot quit the womb, Sigh there, and groan for Thee, Their liberty. O let me not do less! Shall they Watch, while I sleep or play? Shall I thy mercies still abuse With fancies, friends, or news? O brook it not! Thy blood is mine, And my soul should be Thine; O brook it not! why wilt Thou stop, After whole showers, one drop? Sure Thou wilt joy to see Thy sheep with Thee.

Anguish

My God and King! to Thee I bow my knee; I bow my troubled soul, and greet With my foul heart thy holy feet. Cast it, or tread it! it shall do Even what thou wilt, and praise thee too.

My God, could I weep blood, Gladly I would, Or if thou wilt give me that art, Which through the eyes pours out the heart, I will exhaust it all, and make Myself all tears, a weeping lake.

O! 'tis an easy thing To write and sing; But to write true, unfeigned verse Is very hard! O God, disperse These weights, and give my spirit leave To act as well as to conceive!

O my God, hear my cry; Or let me die!

As Time One Day By Me Did Pass

AS Time one day by me did pass, Through a large dusky glass He held, I chanc'd to look, And spied his curious book Of past days, where sad Heav'n did shed A mourning light upon the dead.

Many disorder'd lives I saw, And foul records, which thaw My kind eyes still, but in A fair, white page of thin And ev'n, smooth lines, like the sun's rays, Thy name was writ, and all thy days.

O bright and happy kalendar ! Where youth shines like a star All pearl'd with tears, and may Teach age the holy way ; Where through thick pangs, high agonies, Faith into life breaks, and Death dies.

As some meek night-piece which day quails, To candle-light unveils : So by one beamy line From thy bright lamp, did shine In the same page thy humble grave, Set with green herbs, glad hopes and brave.

Here slept my thought's dear mark ! which dust Seem'd to devour, like rust ; But dust—I did observe— By hiding doth preserve ; As we for long and sure recruits, Candy with sugar our choice fruits.

O calm and sacred bed, where lies In death's dark mysteries A beauty far more bright Than the noon's cloudless light ; For whose dry dust green branches bud, And robes are bleach'd in the Lamb's blood.

Sleep, happy ashes !—blessed sleep !— While hapless I still weep ; Weep that I have outliv'd My life, and unreliev'd Must—soullesse shadow !—so live on, Though life be dead, and my joys gone.

Boethius, De Consolatione Philosophiae : Liber 2. Metrum 5

Happy that first white age when we Lived by the earth's mere charity! No soft luxurious diet then Had effeminated men: No other meat, nor wine, had any Than the coarse mast, or simple honey; And by the parents' care laid up, Cheap berries did the children sup. No pompous wear was in those days, Of gummy silks or scarlet blaize. Their beds were on some flow'ry brink, And clear spring-water was their drink. The shady pine in the sun's heat Was their cool and known retreat, For then 'twas not cut down, but stood The youth and glory of the wood. The daring sailor with his slaves Then had not cut the swelling waves, Nor for desire of foreign store Seen any but his native shore. Nor stirring drum scarred that age, Nor the shrill trumpet's active rage, No wounds by bitter hatred made, With warm blood soiled the shining blade; For how could hostile madness arm An age of love to public harm, When common justice none withstood, Nor sought rewards for spilling blood? Oh that at length our age would raise Into the temper of those days! But - worse than Etna's fires! - debate And avarice inflame our state. Alas! who was it that first found Gold, hid of purpose under ground, That sought out pearls, and dived to find Such precious perils for mankind!

Childhood

I cannot reach it; and my striving eye Dazzles at it, as at eternity. Were now that chronicle alive, Those white designs which children drive, And the thoughts of each harmless hour, With their content, too, in my power, Quickly would I make my path even, And by mere playing go to heaven.

Why should men love

A wolf more than a lamb or dove? Or choose hell-fire and brimstone streams Before bright stars and God's own beams? Who kisseth thorns will hurt his face, But flowers do both refresh and grace, And sweetly living - fie on men! -Are, when dead, medicinal then; If seeing much should make staid eyes, And long experience should make wise, Since all that age doth teach is ill, Why should I not love childhood still? Why, if I see a rock or shelf, Shall I from thence cast down myself? Or by complying with the world, From the same precipice be hurled? Those observations are but foul Which make me wise to lose my soul.

And yet the practice worldlings call Business, and weighty action all, Checking the poor child for his play, But gravely cast themselves away.

Dear, harmless age! the short, swift span Where weeping Virtue parts with man; Where love without lust dwells, and bends What way we please without self-ends.

An age of mysteries! which he

Must live twice that would God's face see; Which angels guard, and with it play, Angels! which foul men drive away.

How do I study now, and scan Thee more than e'er I studied man, And only see through a long night Thy edges and thy bordering light! Oh for thy center and midday! For sure that is the narrow way!

Christ's Nativity

- 1 Awake, glad heart! get up and sing!
- 2 It is the birth-day of thy King.
- 3 Awake! awake!
- 4 The Sun doth shake
- 5 Light from his locks, and all the way
- 6 Breathing perfumes, doth spice the day.
- 7 Awake, awake! hark how th' wood rings;
- 8 Winds whisper, and the busy springs
- 9 A concert make;
- 10 Awake! awake!
- 11 Man is their high-priest, and should rise
- 12 To offer up the sacrifice.
- 13 I would I were some bird, or star,
- 14 Flutt'ring in woods, or lifted far
- 15 Above this inn
- 16 And road of sin!
- 17 Then either star or bird should be
- 18 Shining or singing still to thee.
- 19 I would I had in my best part
- 20 Fit rooms for thee! or that my heart
- 21 Were so clean as
- 22 Thy manger was!
- 23 But I am all filth, and obscene;
- 24 Yet, if thou wilt, thou canst make clean.
- 25 Sweet Jesu! will then. Let no more
- 26 This leper haunt and soil thy door!
- 27 Cure him, ease him,
- 28 O release him!
- 29 And let once more, by mystic birth,
- 30 The Lord of life be born in earth.

Cock-Crowing

Father of lights! what sunny seed, What glance of day hast Thou confined Into this bird? To all the breed This busy ray Thou hast assigned; Their magnetism works all night, And dreams of paradise and light.

Their eyes watch for the morning hue; Their little grain, expelling night, So shines and sings as if it knew The path unto the house of light. It seems their candle, howe'er done, Was tinned and lighted at the sun.

If such a tincture, such a touch, So firm a longing can empower, Shall Thy own image think it much To watch for Thy appearing hour? If a mere blast so fill the sail, Shall not the breath of God prevail?

O Thou immortal Light and Heat! Whose hand so shines through all this frame That, by the beauty of the seat, We plainly see who made the same, Seeing Thy seed abides in me, Dwell Thou in it, and I in Thee!

To sleep without Thee is to die; Yea, 'tis a death partakes of hell: For where Thou dost not close the eye, It never opens, I can tell. In such a dark Egyptian border, The shades of death dwell, and disorder.

If joys, and hopes, and earnest throes, And hearts whose pulse beats still for light Are given to birds, who but Thee knows A love-sick soul's exalted flight? Can souls be tracked by any eye But His who gave them wings to fly?

Only this veil which Thou hast broke, And must be broken yet in me, This veil, I say, is all the cloak And cloud which shadows Thee from me. This veil Thy full-eyed love denies, And only gleams and fractions spies.

O take it off! make no delay; But brush me with Thy light that I May shine unto a perfect day, And warm me at Thy glorious eye! O take it off, or till it flee, Though with no lily, stay with me!

Come, Come ! What Do I Here?

COME, come ! what do I here ? Since he is gone Each day is grown a dozen year And each hour, one ; Come, come ! Cut off the sum : By these soil'd tears ! Which only Thou Know'st to be true, Days are my fears.

2.

There's not a wind can stir, Or beam pass by, But straight I think, though far, Thy hand is nigh. Come, come ! Strike these lips dumb : This restless breath, That soils Thy name, Will ne'er be tame Until in death.

3.

Perhaps some think a tomb No house of store, But a dark and seal'd up womb, Which ne'er breeds more. Come, come ! Such thoughts benumb : But I would be With him I weep Abed, and sleep, To wake in Thee.

Content

PEACE, peace ! I know 'twas brave ; But this coarse fleece,
I shelter in, is slave To no such piece. When I am gone,
I shall no wardrobes leave To friend, or son,
But what their own homes weave.
2.

Such, though not proud nor full, May make them weep, And mourn to see the wool Outlast the sheep : Poor, pious wear ! Hadst thou been rich, or fine, Perhaps that tear Had mourn'd thy loss, not mine. 3.

Why then these curl'd, puff'd points, Or a laced story ? Death sets all out of joint, And scorns their glory. Some love a rose In hand, some in the skin ; But, cross to those, I would have mine within.

Corruption

Sure it was so. Man in those early days Was not all stone and earth; He shined a little, and by those weak rays Had some glimpse of his birth. He saw Heaven o'er his head, and knew from whence He came, condemned hither; And, as first love draws strongest, so from hence His mind sure progressed thither. Things here were strange unto him: sweat and till, All was a thorn or weed: Nor did those last, but - like himself - died still As soon as they did seed. They seemed to guarrel with him, for that act That felled him foiled them all: He drew the curse upon the world, and cracked The whole frame with his fall. This made him long for home, as loth to stay With murmurers and foes; He sighed for Eden, and would often say, 'Ah! what bright days were those!' Nor was Heaven cold unto him; for each day The valley or the mountain Afforded visits, and still paradise lay In some green shade or fountain. Angels lay lieger here; each bush and cell, Each oak and highway knew them; Walk but the fields, or sit down at some well, And he was sure to view them. Almighty Love! where art Thou now? Mad man Sits down and freezeth on; HE raves, and swears to stir nor fire, nor fan, But bids the thread be spun. I see, Thy curtains are close-drawn; Thy bow Sin triumphs still, and man is sunk below The center, and his shroud. All's in deep sleep and night: thick darkness lies And hatcheth o'er Thy people -But hark! what trumpet's that? what angel cries, 'Arise! thrust in Thy sickle'?

Death. A Dialogue

Soul.

'TIS a sad Land, that in one day Hath dull'd thee thus ; when death shall freeze Thy blood to ice, and thou must stay Tenant for years, and centuries ; How wilt thou brook't ?

Body.

I cannot tell ; But if all sense wings not with thee, And something still be left the dead, I'll wish my curtains off, to free Me from so dark and sad a bed :

A nest of nights, a gloomy sphere, Where shadows thicken, and the cloud Sits on the sun's brow all the year, And nothing moves without a shroud.

Soul.

'Tis so : but as thou saw'st that night We travail'd in, our first attempts Were dull and blind, but custom straight Our fears and falls brought to contempt :

Then, when the ghastly twelve was past, We breath'd still for a blushing East, And bade the lazy sun make haste, And on sure hopes, though long, did feast.

But when we saw the clouds to crack, And in those crannies light appear'd, We thought the day then was not slack, And pleas'd ourselves with what we fear'd. Just so it is in death. But thou Shalt in thy mother's bosom sleep, Whilst I each minute groan to know How near Redemption creeps.

Then shall wee meet to mix again, and met, 'Tis last good-night ; our Sun shall never set.

JOB, CAP. IO. VER. 21, 22.

Before I go whence I shall not return, even to the land of darkness, and the shadow of death ; A Land of darkness, as darkness itself, and of the shadow of death, without any order, and where the light is as darkness.

Etesia Absent

Love, the world's life! What a sad death Thy absence is to lose our breath At once and die, is but to live Enlarged, without the scant reprieve Of pulse and air: whose dull returns And narrow circles the soul mourns. But to be dead alive, and still To wish, but never have our will: To be possessed, and yet to miss; To wed a true but absent bliss: Are lingering tortures, and their smart Dissects and racks and grinds the heart! As soul and body in that state Which unto us seems separate, Cannot be said to live, until Reunion; which days fulfil And slow-paced seasons: so in vain Through hours and minutes (Time's long train,) I look for thee, and from thy sight, As from my soul, for life and light. For till thine eyes shine so on me, Mine are fast-closed and will not see.

I Walk'D The Other Day

- 1 I walk'd the other day, to spend my hour,
- 2 Into a field,
- 3 Where I sometimes had seen the soil to yield
- 4 A gallant flow'r;
- 5 But winter now had ruffled all the bow'r
- 6 And curious store
- 7 I knew there heretofore.
- 8 Yet I, whose search lov'd not to peep and peer
- 9 I' th' face of things,
- 10 Thought with my self, there might be other springs
- 11 Besides this here,
- 12 Which, like cold friends, sees us but once a year;
- 13 And so the flow'r
- 14 Might have some other bow'r.
- 15 Then taking up what I could nearest spy,
- 16 I digg'd about
- 17 That place where I had seen him to grow out;
- 18 And by and by
- 19 I saw the warm recluse alone to lie,
- 20 Where fresh and green
- 21 He liv'd of us unseen.
- 22 Many a question intricate and rare
- 23 Did I there strow;
- 24 But all I could extort was, that he now
- 25 Did there repair
- 26 Such losses as befell him in this air,
- 27 And would ere long
- 28 Come forth most fair and young.
- 29 This past, I threw the clothes quite o'er his head;
- 30 And stung with fear
- 31 Of my own frailty dropp'd down many a tear
- 32 Upon his bed;
- 33 Then sighing whisper'd, "happy are the dead!
- 34 What peace doth now
- 35 Rock him asleep below!"

- 36 And yet, how few believe such doctrine springs
- 37 From a poor root,
- 38 Which all the winter sleeps here under foot,
- 39 And hath no wings
- 40 To raise it to the truth and light of things;
- 41 But is still trod
- 42 By ev'ry wand'ring clod.
- 43 O Thou! whose spirit did at first inflame
- 44 And warm the dead,
- 45 And by a sacred incubation fed
- 46 With life this frame,
- 47 Which once had neither being, form, nor name;
- 48 Grant I may so
- 49 Thy steps track here below,
- 50 That in these masques and shadows I may see
- 51 Thy sacred way;
- 52 And by those hid ascents climb to that day,
- 53 Which breaks from Thee,
- 54 Who art in all things, though invisibly!
- 55 Shew me thy peace,
- 56 Thy mercy, love, and ease,
- 57 And from this care, where dreams and sorrows reign,
- 58 Lead me above,
- 59 Where light, joy, leisure, and true comforts move
- 60 Without all pain;
- 61 There, hid in thee, shew me his life again,
- 62 At whose dumb urn
- 63 Thus all the year I mourn.

Joy Of My Life While Left Me Here!

Joy of my life while left me here! And still my love! How in thy absence thou dost steer Me from above! A life well led This truth commends, With quick or dead It never ends.

Stars are of mighty use; the night Is dark, and long; The road foul; and where one goes right, Six may go wrong. One twinkling ray, Shot o'er some cloud, May clear much away, And guide a crowd.

God's saints are shining lights: who stays Here long must pass O'er dark hills, swift streams, and steep ways As smooth as glass; But these all night, Like candles, shed Their beams, and light Us into bed.

They are, indeed, our pillar-fires, Seen as we go; They are that city's shining spires We travel to: A swordlike gleam Kept man for sin First out ; this beam Will guide them in.

Love And Discipline

Since in a land not barren still (Because Thou dost Thy grace distill) My lot is fallen, blest be Thy will!

And since these biting frosts but kill Some tares in me which choke or spill That seed Thou sow'st, blest be Thy skill!

Blest be Thy dew, and blest Thy frost, And happy I to be so crossed, And cured by crosses at Thy cost.

The dew doth cheer what is distressed, The frosts ill weeds nip and molest; In both Thou work'st unto the best.

Thus while Thy several mercies plot, And work on me now cold, now hot, The work goes on and slacketh not;

For as Thy hand the weather steers, So thrive I best, 'twixt joys and tears, And all the year have some green ears.

Man

Weighing the steadfastness and state Of some mean things which here below reside, Where birds like watchful clocks the noiseless date And intercourse of times divide; Where bees at night get home and hive, and flowers Early, as well as late, Rise with the sun, and set in the same bowers;

I would, said I, my God would give The staidness of these things to man! for these To His divine appointments ever cleave, And no new business breaks their peace; The birds nor sow nor reap, yet sup and dine; The flowers without clothes live, Yet Solomon was never dressed so fine.

Man hath still either toys or care; He hath no root, nor to one place is tied, But ever restless and irregular About this earth doth run and ride; He knows he hath a home, but scarce knows where; He says it is so far That he hath quite forgot how to go there.

He knocks at all doors, strays and roams, Nay, hath not so much wit as some stones have, Which in the darkest nights point to their homes By some hid sense their Maker gave; Man is the shuttle, to whose winding quest And passage through these looms God ordered motion, but ordained no rest.

Midnight

WHEN to my Eyes Whilst deep sleep others catches, Thine host of spies, The stars, shine in their watches, I do survey Each busy ray, And how they work, and wind ; And wish each beam My soul doth stream With the like ardour shin'd ; What emanations, Quick vibrations, And bright stirs are there ! What thin ejections, Cold affections, And slow motions here ! 2.

Thy heav'ns, some say, Are a fiery-liquid light, Which mingling aye Streams, and flames thus to the sight. Come then, my God ! Shine on this blood And water, in one beam ; And Thou shalt see Kindled by Thee Both liquors burn, and stream. O what bright quickness, Active brightness, And celestial flows, Will follow after On that water, Which Thy Spirit blows !

Mount Of Olives (I)

1.

SWEET, sacred hill ! on whose fair brow My Saviour sate, shall I allow Language to love, And idolize some shade, or grove, Neglecting thee ? such ill-plac'd wit, Conceit, or call it what you please, Is the brain's fit, And mere disease. 2. Cotswold and Cooper's both have met With learn褠 swains, and echo yet Their pipes and wit ; But thou sleep'st in a deep neglect, Untouch'd by any ; and what need The sheep bleat thee a silly lay, That heard'st both reed And sheepward play ?

3.

Yet if poets mind thee well, They shall find thou art their hill, And fountain too. Their Lord with thee had most to do ; He wept once, walk'd whole nights on thee : And from thence?His suff'rings ended? Unto glory Was attended.

4.

Being there, this spacious ball Is but His narrow footstool all ; And what we think Unsearchable, now with one wink He doth comprise ; but in this air When He did stay to bear our ill And sin, this hill Was then His Chair.

Peace

1

- My Soul, there is a country 2 Afar beyond the stars, 3 Where stands a winged sentry All skillful in the wars; 4 5 There, above noise and danger 6 Sweet Peace sits, crown'd with smiles, 7 And One born in a manger 8 Commands the beauteous files. 9 He is thy gracious friend 10 And (O my Soul awake!) 11 Did in pure love descend, 12 To die here for thy sake. 13 If thou canst get but thither, There grows the flow'r of peace, 14 The rose that cannot wither, 15 16 Thy fortress, and thy ease. Leave then thy foolish ranges, 17 For none can thee secure, 18 19 But One, who never changes,
- 20 Thy God, thy life, thy cure.
Quickness

False life, a foil and no more, when Wilt thou be gone? Thou foul deception of all men That would not have the true come on.

Thou art a moon-like toil, a blind Self-posing state, A dark contest of waves and wind, A mere tempestuous debate.

Life is a fixed, discerning light, A knowing joy; No chance or fit, but ever bright And calm and full, yet doth not cloy.

'Tis such a blissful thing that still Doth vivify And shine and smile and hath the skill To please without eternity.

Thou art a toilsome mole, or less; A moving mist; But life is what none can express: A quickness which my God hath kissed.

Regeneration

1.

Award, and still in bonds, one day I stole abroad, It was high-spring, and all the way Primros'd, and hung with shade; Yet, was it frost within, And surly winds Blasted my infant buds, and sin Like clouds eclips'd my mind.

2.

Storm'd thus; I straight perceiv'd my spring Mere stage, and show, My walk a monstrous, mountain's thing Rough-cast with rocks, and snow; And as a pilgrim's eye Far from relief, Measures the melancholy sky Then drops, and rains for grief,

3.

So sigh'd I upwards still, at last 'Twixt steps, and falls I reach'd the pinnacle, where plac'd I found a pair of scales, I took them up and laid In th'one late pains, The other smoke, and pleasures weigh'd But prov'd the heavier grains;

4.

With that, some cried, Away; straight I Obey'd, and led Full east, a fair, fresh field could spy Some call'd it Jacob's Bed; A virgin-soil, which no Rude feet ere trod, Where (since he slept there,) only go Prophets, and friends of God.

5.

Here, I repos'd; but scarce well set, A grove descried Of stately height, whose branches met And mixed on every side; I entered, and once in (Amaz'd to see't,) Found all was chang'd, and a new spring Did all my senses greet;

6.

The unthrift sun shot vital gold A thousand pieces, And heaven its azure did unfold Checker'd with snowy fleeces, The air was all in spice And every bush A garland wore; thus fed my eyes But all the ear lay hush.

7.

Only a little fountain lent Some use for ears, And on the dumb shades language spent The music of her tears; I drew her near, and found The cistern full Of diverse stones, some bright, and round Others ill'shap'd, and dull.

8.

The first (pray mark,) as quick as light Danc'd through the flood,

But, th'last more heavy than the night Nail'd to the center stood; I wonder'd much, but tir'd At last with thought, My restless eye that still desir'd As strange an object brought;

9.

It was a bank of flowers, where I descried (Though 'twas mid'day,) Some fast asleep, others broad-eyed And taking in the ray, Here musing long, I heard A rushing wind Which still increas'd, but whence it stirr'd No where I could not find;

10.

I turn'd me round, and to each shade Dispatch'd an eye, To see, if any leaf had made Least motion, or reply, But while I listening sought My mind to ease By knowing, where 'twas, or where not, It whispered: Where I please. Lord, then said I, On me one breath, And let me die before my death!

Retirement

Fresh fields and woods! the Earth's fair face, God's foot-stool, and man's dwelling-place. I ask not why the first Believer Did love to be a country liver? Who to secure pious content Did pitch by groves and wells his tent; Where he might view the boundless sky, And all those glorious lights on high; With flying meteors, mists and show'rs, Subjected hills, trees, meads and flow'rs; And ev'ry minute bless the King And wise Creator of each thing. I ask not why he did remove To happy Mamre's holy grove, Leaving the cities of the plain To Lot and his successless train? All various lusts in cities still Are found; they are the thrones of ill; The dismal sinks, where blood is spill'd, Cages with much uncleanness fill'd. But rural shades are the sweet fense Of piety and innocence. They are the Meek's calm region, where Angels descend and rule the sphere, Where heaven lies leiger, and the dove Duly as dew, comes from above. If Eden be on Earth at all, 'Tis that, which we the country call.

Rules And Lessons

When first thine eyes unveil, give thy soul leave To do the like: our bodies but forerun The spirit's duty. True hearts spread and heave Unto their God, as flowers do to the sun. Give Him thy first thoughts then; so shalt thou keep Him company all day, and in Him sleep.

Yet never sleep the sun up: Prayer should Dawn with the day. There are set awful hours 'Twixt Heaven and us. The manna was not good After sunrising: far day sullies flowers. Rise to prevent the sun: sleep doth sin's glut, And Heaven's gate opens, when this world's shut.

Walk with thy fellow-creatures; note the hush And whispers amongst them. There's not a spring Or leaf but hath his morning hymn; each bush And oak doth know I AM

. Canst thou not sing?

O leave thy cares and follies! go this way, And thou art sure to prosper all the day.

To heighten thy devotions, and keep low All mutinous thoughts, what business e'er thou hast, Observe God in his works; how fountains flow, Birds sing, beasts feed, fish leap, and th' earth stands fast; Above are restless motions, running lights, Vast circling azure, giddy clouds, days, nights.

When seasons change, then lay before thine eyes His wondrous method; mark the various scenes In Heaven; hail, thunder, rainbows, snow, and ice, Calms, tempests, light and darkness, by his means; Thou canst not miss his praise; each tree, herb, flower, Are shadows of his wisdom, and his power.

Silence And Stealth Of Days

Silence, and stealth of days! 'tis now Since thou art gone, Twelve hundred hours, and not a brow But clouds hang on. As he that in some cave's thick damp Lockt from the light, Fixeth a solitary lamp, To brave the night, And walking from his sun, when past That glim'ring ray Cuts through the heavy mists in haste Back to his day, So o'r fled minutes I retreat Unto that hour Which show'd thee last, but did defeat Thy light, and power, I search, and rack my soul to see Those beams again, But nothing but the snuff to me Appeareth plain; That dark and dead sleeps in its known And common urn, But those fled to their Maker's throne There shine and burn: O could I track them! but souls must Track one the other, And now the spirit, not the dust, Must be thy brother. Yet I have one Pearl by whose light All things I see, And in the heart of earth and night Find heaven and thee.

Son-Days

1

Bright shadows of true Rest! some shoots of bliss, Heaven once a week; The next world's gladness prepossest in this; A day to seek; Eternity in time; the steps by which We Climb above all ages; Lamps that light Man through his heap of dark days; and the rich, And full redemption of the whole week's flight.

2

The Pulleys unto headlong man; time's bower; The narrow way; Transplanted Paradise; God's walking hour; The Cool o'th' day; The Creatures' _Jubilee_; God's parle with dust; Heaven here; Man on the hills of Myrrh, and flowers; Angels descending; the Returns of Trust; A Gleam of glory, after six-days'-showers.

3

The Church's love-feasts; Time's Prerogative,

And Interest

Deducted from the whole; The Combs, and hive, And home of rest.

The milky way chalked out with suns; a clue That guides through erring hours; and in full story A taste of Heav'n on earth; the pledge, and cue Of a full feast: And the Out Courts of glory.

Sweet Empty Sky Of June Without A Stain,

O Lord, the hope of Israel, all they that forsake Thee shall be ashamed ; and they that depart from Thee, shall be written in the earth, because they have forsaken the Lord, the fountain of living waters. Heal me, O Lord, and I shall be healed ; save me, and I shall be saved, for Thou art my health, and my great deliverer.

I said in the cutting off of my days, I shall go to the gates of the grave ; I have deprived myself of the residue of my years.

I said, I shall not see the Lord, even the Lord in the land of the living : I shall behold man no more with the inhabitants of the world.

O Lord ! by Thee doth man live, and from Thee is the life of my spirit : therefore wilt Thou recover me, and make me to live.

Thou hast in love to my soul delivered it from the pit of corruption ; for Thou hast cast all my sins behind Thy back.

For Thy name's sake hast Thou put off thine anger ; for Thy praise hast Thou refrained from me, that I should not be cut off.

For the grave cannot praise Thee, death cannot celebrate Thee : they that go down into the pit, cannot hope for Thy truth.

The living, the living, he shall praise Thee, as I do this day : the father to the children shall make known Thy truth.

O Lord ! Thou hast been merciful, Thou hast brought back my life from corruption : Thou hast redeemed me from my sin.

They that follow after lying vanities, forsake their own mercy.

Therefore shall Thy songs be with me, and my prayer unto the God of my life.

I will go unto the altar of my God, unto God, the joy of my youth ; and in Thy fear will I worship towards Thy holy temple.

I will sacrifice unto Thee with the voice of thanks-

giving ; I will pay that which I have vowed ; salvation is of the Lord.

The Bird

Hither thou com'st: the busy wind all night Blew through thy lodging, where thy own warm wing Thy pillow was. Many a sullen storm (For which coarse man seems much the fitter born) Rained on thy bed And harmless head.

And now, as fresh and cheerful as the light, Thy little heart in early hymns doth sing Unto that Providence, whose unseen arm Curbed them, and clothed thee well and warm. All things that be, praise Him, and had Their lesson taught them when first made.

So hills and valleys into singing break; And though poor stones have neither speech nor tongue, While active winds and streams both run and speak, Yet stones are deep in admiration. Thus praise and prayer here beneath the sun Make lesser mornings, when the great are done.

For each inclosed spirit is a star Enlight'ning his own little sphere, Whose light, though fetched and borrowed from far, Both mornings makes and evenings there.

But as these birds of light make a land glad, Chirping their solemn matins on each tree, So in the shades of night some dark fowls be, Whose heavy notes make all that hear them sad.

The turtle then in palm trees mourns, While owls and satyrs howl: The pleasant land to brimstone turns, And all her streams grow foul.

Brightness and mirth, and love and faith, all fly, Till the day-spring breaks forth again from high.

The Book

Eternal God! Maker of all That have lived here since the man's fall: The Rock of Ages! in whose shade They live unseen, when here they fade;

Thou knew'st this paper when it was Mere seed, and after that but grass; Before 'twas dressed or spun, and when Made linen, who did wear it then: What were their lives, their thoughts, and deeds, Whether good corn or fruitless weeds.

Thou knew'st this tree when a green shade Covered it, since a cover made, And where it flourished, grew, and spread, As if it never should be dead.

Thou knew'st this harmless beast when he Did live and feed by Thy decree On each green thing; then slept - well fed -Clothed with this skin which now lies spread A covering o'er this aged book; Which makes me wisely weep, and look On my own dust; mere dust it is, But not so dry and clean as this. Thou knew'st and saw'st them all, and though Now scattered thus, dost know them so.

O knowing, glorious Spirit! when Thou shalt restore trees, beasts, and men, When Thou shalt make all new again, Destroying only death and pain, Give him amongst Thy works a place Who in them loved and sought Thy face!

The Call

1.

COME, my heart ! come, my head, In sighs, and tears ! 'Tis now, since you have lain thus dead, Some twenty years ; Awake, awake, Some pity take Upon yourselves ! Who never wake to groan, nor weep, Shall be sentenc'd for their sleep.

2.

Do but see your sad estate, How many sands Have left us, while we careless sate With folded hands ; What stock of nights, Of days, and years In silent flights Stole by our ears ; How ill have we ourselves bestow'd, Whose suns are all set in a cloud !

3.

Yet come, and let's peruse them all, And as we pass, What sins on every minute fall Score on the glass ; Then weigh, and rate Their heavy state, Until The glass with tears you fill ; That done, we shall be safe and good : Those beasts were clean that chew'd the cud.

The Daughter Of Herodias

Matthew xiv 6-11

Vain, sinful art! who first did fit Thy lewd loathed motions unto sounds, And made grave music like wild wit Err in loose airs beyond her bounds?

What fires hath he heaped on his head? Since to his sins (as needs it must,) His art adds still (though he be dead,) New fresh accounts of blood and lust.

Leave then young sorceress; the ice Will those coy spirits cast asleep, Which teach thee now to please his eyes Who doth thy loathsome mother keep.

But thou hast pleased so well, he swears, And gratifies thy sin with vows: His shameless lust in public wears, And to thy soft arts strongly bows.

Skilful enchantress and true bred! Who out of evil can bring forth good? Thy mother's nets in thee were spread, She tempts to incest, thou to blood.

The Dawning

Ah! what time wilt Thou come? when shall that cry, 'The bridegroom's coming,' fill the sky? Shall it in the evening run, When our words and works are dome? Or will Thy all-surprising light Break at midnight, When either sleep or some dark pleasure Possesseth mad man without measure? Or shall these early fragrant hours Unlock Thy bowers, And with their blush of light descry Thy locks crowned with eternity? Indeed, it is the only time That with Thy glory doth best chime; Full hymns doth yield, The whole creation shakes off night, And for Thy shadow looks the light; Stars now vanish without number, The pursy clouds disband and scatter, All expect some sudden matter; Not one beam triumphs, but from far That morning star. Oh, at what time soever, Thou, Unknown to us, the heavens wilt bow, And with Thy angels in the van Descend to judge poor careless man, Grant I may not like puddle lie In a corrupt security, Where, if a traveler water crave, He finds it dead and in a grave; But as this restless vocal spring All day and night doth run and sing, And though here born, yet is acquainted Elsewhere, and flowing keeps untainted, So let me all my busy age In Thy free services engage; And though while here of force I must Have commerce sometimes with poor dust, And in my flesh, though vile and low,

As this doth in her channel flow, Yet let my course, my aim, my love, And chief acquaintance be above; So when that day and hour shall come In which Thyself will be the sun, Thou'lt find me dressed and on my way, Watching the break of Thy great Day.

The Dedication

The Son of the living GOD, and the sacred Virgin Mary.

I.

MY God ! Thou that didst die for me, These Thy death's fruits I offer Thee ; Death that to me was life and light, But dark and deep pangs to Thy sight. Some drops of Thy all-quick'ning blood Fell on my heart ; those made it bud, And put forth thus, though, Lord, before The ground was curs'd, and void of store. Indeed I had some here to hire Which long resisted Thy desire, That ston'd Thy servants, and did move To have Thee murder'd for Thy love ; But, Lord, I have expell'd them, and so bent, Beg Thou wouldst take Thy tenant's rent.

II.

Dear Lord, 'tis finished ! and now he That copied it, presents it Thee. 'Twas thine first, and to Thee returns, From Thee it shin'd, though here it burns. If the Sun rise on rocks, is't right To call it their inherent light ? No, nor can I say, this is mine, For, dearest Jesus, 'tis all Thine ; As Thy clothes, when Thou with clothes wert clad, Both light from Thee, and virtue had ; And now, as then, within this place Thou to poor rags dost still give grace. This is the earnest Thy love sheds, The candle shining on some heads, Till at Thy charges they shall be Cloth'd all with immortality.

III.

My dear Redeemer, the world's light,

And life too, and my heart's delight ! For all Thy mercies and Thy truth, Show'd to me in my sinful youth, For my sad failings and my wild Murmurings at Thee, when most mild ; For all my secret faults, and each Frequent relapse and wilful breach, For all designs meant against Thee And ev'ry publish'd vanity, Which Thou divinely hast forgiven, While Thy blood wash'd me white as heaven ; I nothing have to give to Thee, But this Thy own gift, given to me. Refuse it not ; for now Thy token Can tell Thee where a heart is broken.

REVEL. CAP. I. VER. 5, 6, 7.

Unto him that loved us, and washed us from our sins in His own blood.

And hath made us kings and priests unto God and His Father ; to Him be glory and dominion, for ever and ever. Amen.

Behold He cometh with clouds, and every eye shall see Him, and they also which pierced Him ; and all kindreds of the earth shall wail because of Him : even so, Amen.

The Dwelling-Place

John 1:38-39

What happy secret fountain, Fair shade or mountain, Whose undiscovered virgin glory Boasts it this day, though not in story, Was then thy dwelling? Did some cloud, Fixed to a tent, descend a shroud My distressed Lord? Or did a star, Beckoned by Thee, though high and far, In sparkling smiles haste gladly down To lodge light and increase her own? My dear, dear God! I do not know What lodged Thee then, nor where, nor how; But I am sure Thou dost now come Oft to a narrow, homely room, Where Thou too hast but the least part: My God, I mean my sinful heart.

The Evening-Watch: A Dialogue

BODY

- 1 Farewell! I go to sleep; but when
- 2 The day-star springs, I'll wake again.

SOUL

- 3 Go, sleep in peace; and when thou liest
- 4 Unnumber'd in thy dust, when all this frame
- 5 Is but one dram, and what thou now descriest
- 6 In sev'ral parts shall want a name,
- 7 Then may his peace be with thee, and each dust
- 8 Writ in his book, who ne'er betray'd man's trust!

BODY

- 9 Amen! but hark, ere we two stray
- 10 How many hours dost think 'till day?

SOUL

- 11 Ah go; th'art weak, and sleepy. Heav'n
- 12 Is a plain watch, and without figures winds
- 13 All ages up; who drew this circle, even
- 14 He fills it; days and hours are blinds.
- 15 Yet this take with thee. The last gasp of time
- 16 Is thy first breath, and man's eternal prime.

The Incarnation, And Passion

LORD, when Thou didst Thyself undress, Laying by Thy robes of glory, To make us more, Thou wouldst be less, And becam'st a woful story.

To put on clouds instead of light, And clothe the morning-star with dust, Was a translation of such height As, but in Thee, was ne'er express'd.

Brave worms and earth ! that thus could have A God enclos'd within your cell, Your Maker pent up in a grave, Life lock'd in death, heav'n in a shell !

Ah, my dear Lord ! what couldst thou spy In this impure, rebellious clay, That made Thee thus resolve to die For those that kill Thee every day ?

O what strange wonders could Thee move To slight Thy precious blood, and breath ? Sure it was love, my Lord ! for love Is only stronger far than death !

The Morning-Watch

- 1 O joys! infinite sweetness! with what flow'rs
- 2 And shoots of glory my soul breaks and buds!
- 3 All the long hours
- 4 Of night, and rest,
- 5 Through the still shrouds
- 6 Of sleep, and clouds,
- 7 This dew fell on my breast;
- 8 Oh, how it bloods
- 9 And spirits all my earth! Hark! In what rings
- 10 And hymning circulations the quick world
- 11 Awakes and sings;
- 12 The rising winds
- 13 And falling springs,
- 14 Birds, beasts, all things
- 15 Adore him in their kinds.
- 16 Thus all is hurl'd
- 17 In sacred hymns and order, the great chime
- 18 And symphony of nature. Prayer is
- 19 The world in tune,
- 20 A spirit voice,
- 21 And vocal joys
- 22 Whose echo is heav'n's bliss.
- 23 O let me climb
- 24 When I lie down! The pious soul by night
- 25 Is like a clouded star whose beams, though said
- 26 To shed their light
- 27 Under some cloud,
- 28 Yet are above,
- 29 And shine and move
- 30 Beyond that misty shroud.
- 31 So in my bed,
- 32 That curtain'd grave, though sleep, like ashes, hide
- 33 My lamp and life, both shall in thee abide.

The Nativity

Peace? and to all the world? sure, One And He the Prince of Peace, hath none. He travels to be born, and then Is born to travel more again. Poor Galilee! thou canst not be The place for His nativity. His restless mother's called away, And not delivered till she pay. A tax? 'tis so still! we can see The church thrive in her misery; And like her Head at Bethlem, rise When she, oppressed with troubles, lies. Rise? should all fall, we cannot be In more extremities than He. Great Type of passions! come what will, Thy grief exceeds all copies still. Thou cam'st from heaven to earth, that we Might go from earth to heaven with Thee. And though Thou foundest no welcome here, Thou didst provide us mansions there. A stable was Thy court, and when Men turned to beasts, beasts would be men. They were Thy courtiers, others none; And their poor manger was Thy throne. No swaddling silks Thy limbs did fold, Though Thou couldst turn Thy rays to gold. No rockers waited on Thy birth, No cradles stirred, nor songs of mirth; But her chaste lap and sacred breast Which lodged Thee first did give Thee rest. But stay: what light is that doth stream, And drop here in a gilded beam? It is Thy star runs page, and brings Thy tributary Eastern kings. Lord! grant some light to us, that we May with them find the way to Thee. Behold what mists eclipse the day: How dark it is! shed down one ray To guide us out of this sad night,

And say once more, "Let there be light."

The Night

Through that pure virgin shrine, That sacred veil drawn o'er Thy glorious noon, That men might look and live, as glowworms shine, And face the moon, Wise Nicodemus saw such light As made him know his God by night.

Most blest believer he! Who in that land of darkness and blind eyes Thy long-expected healing wings could see, When Thou didst rise! And, what can never more be done, Did at midnight speak with the Sun!

Oh who will tell me where He found Thee at that dead and silent hour? What hallowed solitary ground did bear So rare a flower, Within whose sacred leaves did lie The fullness of the Deity?

No mercy-seat of gold,

No dead and dusty cherub, nor carved stone, But His own living works did my Lord hold And lodge alone; Where trees and herbs did watch and peep And wonder, while the Jews did sleep.

Dear night! this world's defeat; The stop to busy fools; care's check and curb; The day of spirits; my soul's calm retreat Which none disturb! Christ's progress, and His prayer time; The hours to which high Heaven doth chime;

God's silent, searching flight;

When my Lord's head is filled with dew, and all His locks are wet with the clear drops of night; His still, soft call; His knocking time; the soul's dumb watch, When spirits their fair kindred catch.

Were all my loud, evil days Calm and unhaunted as is thy dark tent, Whose peace but by some angel's wing or voice Is seldom rent, Then I in heaven all the long year Would keep, and never wander here.

But living where the sun Doth all things wake, and where all mix and tire Themselves and others, I consent and run To every mire, And by this world's ill-guiding light, Err more than I can do by night.

There is in God - some say -A deep but dazzling darkness, as men here Say it is late and dusky, because they See not all clear. Oh for that night, where I in Him Might live invisible and dim!

The Pursuit

LORD ! what a busy, restless thing Hast Thou made man ! Each day and hour he is on wing, Rests not a span ; Then having lost the sun and light, By clouds surpris'd, He keeps a commerce in the night With air disguis'd. Hadst Thou given to this active dust A state untir'd, The lost son had not left the husk, Nor home desir'd. That was Thy secret, and it is Thy mercy too ; For when all fails to bring to bliss, Then this must do. Ah, Lord ! and what a purchase will that be, To take us sick, that sound would not take Thee !

The Relapse

My God, how gracious art thou! I had slipt Almost to hell, And on the verge of that dark, dreadful pit Did hear them yell, But O thy love! thy rich, almighty love That sav'd my soul, And checkt their fury, when I saw them move, And heard them howl; O my sole comfort, take no more these ways, This hideous path, And I will mend my own without delays, Cease thou thy wrath! I have deserv'd a thick, Egyptian damp, Dark as my deeds, Should mist within me, and put out that lamp Thy spirit feeds; A darting conscience full of stabs and fears; No shade but Yew, Sullen, and sad eclipses, cloudy spheres, These are my due. But he that with his blood, (a price too dear,) My scores did pay, Bid me, by virtue from him, challenge here The brightest day; Sweet, downy thoughts; soft lily-shades; calm streams; Joys full and true; Fresh, spicy mornings; and eternal beams These are his due.

The Retreat

- 1 Happy those early days, when I
- 2 Shin'd in my angel-infancy!
- 3 Before I understood this place
- 4 Appointed for my second race,
- 5 Or taught my soul to fancy ought
- 6 But a white, celestial thought;
- 7 When yet I had not walk'd above
- 8 A mile or two from my first love,
- 9 And looking back (at that short space)
- 10 Could see a glimpse of his bright face;
- 11 When on some gilded cloud or flow'r
- 12 My gazing soul would dwell an hour,
- 13 And in those weaker glories spy
- 14 Some shadows of eternity;
- 15 Before I taught my tongue to wound
- 16 My conscience with a sinful sound,
- 17 Or had the black art to dispense,
- 18 A sev'ral sin to ev'ry sense,
- 19 But felt through all this fleshly dress
- 20 Bright shoots of everlastingness.
- 21 O how I long to travel back,
- 22 And tread again that ancient track!
- 23 That I might once more reach that plain,
- 24 Where first I left my glorious train,
- 25 From whence th' enlighten'd spirit sees
- 26 That shady city of palm trees.
- 27 But ah! my soul with too much stay
- 28 Is drunk, and staggers in the way.
- 29 Some men a forward motion love,
- 30 But I by backward steps would move;
- 31 And when this dust falls to the urn,
- 32 In that state I came, return.

The Revival

- 1 Unfold! unfold! Take in His light,
- 2 Who makes thy cares more short than night.
- 3 The joys which with His day-star rise,
- 4 He deals to all but drowsy eyes;
- 5 And (what the men of this world miss)
- 6 Some drops and dews of future bliss.
- 7 Hark! how his winds have chang'd their note,
- 8 And with warm whispers call thee out.
- 9 The frosts are past, the storms are gone,
- 10 And backward life at last comes on.
- 11 The lofty groves in express joys
- 12 Reply unto the turtle's voice;
- 13 And here in dust and dirt, O here
- 14 The lilies of His love appear!

The Shepherds

Sweet, harmless lives! (on whose holy leisure Waits innocence and pleasure), Whose leaders to those pastures, and clear springs, Were patriarchs, saints, and kings, How happened it that in the dead of night You only saw true light, While Palestine was fast asleep, and lay Without one thought of day? Was it because those first and blessed swains Were pilgrims on those plains When they received the promise, for which now 'Twas there first shown to you? 'Tis true, He loves that dust whereon they go That serve Him here below, And therefore might for memory of those His love there first disclose; But wretched Salem, once His love, must now No voice, nor vision know, Her stately piles with all their height and pride Now languished and died, And Bethlem's humble cotes above them stepped While all her seers slept; Her cedar, fir, hewed stones and gold were all Polluted through their fall, And those once sacred mansions were now Mere emptiness and show; This made the angel call at reeds and thatch, Yet where the shepherds watch, And God's own lodging (though He could not lack) To be a common rack; No costly pride, no soft-clothed luxury In those thin cells could lie, Each stirring wind and storm blew through their cots Which never harbored plots, Only content, and love, and humble joys Lived there without all noise, Perhaps some harmless cares for the next day Did in their bosoms play, As where to lead their sheep, what silent nook,

What springs or shades to look,
But that was all; and now with gladsome care
They for the town prepare,
They leave their flock, and in a busy talk
All towards Bethlem walk
To see their souls' Great Shepherd, Who was come
To bring all stragglers home,
Where now they find Him out, and taught before
That Lamb of God adore,
That Lamb whose days great kings and prophets wished
And longed to see, but missed.
The first light they beheld was bright and gay
And turned their night to day,
But to this later light they saw in Him,
Their day was dark, and dim.

The Shower (I)

1.

'TWAS so ; I saw thy birth. That drowsy lake From her faint bosom breath'd thee, the disease Of her sick waters and infectious ease. But now at even, Too gross for heaven, Thou fall'st in tears, and weep'st for thy mistake.

2.

Ah ! it is so with me : oft have I press'd Heaven with a lazy breath ; but fruitless this Pierc'd not ; love only can with quick access Unlock the way, When all else stray, The smoke and exhalations of the breast.

3.

Yet, if as thou dost melt, and with thy train Of drops make soft the Earth, my eyes could weep O'er my hard heart, that's bound up and asleep ; Perhaps at last, Some such showers past, My God would give a sunshine after rain.
The Star

- 1 Whatever 'tis, whose beauty here below
- 2 Attracts thee thus and makes thee stream and flow,
- 3 And wind and curl, and wink and smile,
- 4 Shifting thy gate and guile;
- 5 Though thy close commerce nought at all imbars
- 6 My present search, for eagles eye not stars,
- 7 And still the lesser by the best
- 8 And highest good is blest;
- 9 Yet, seeing all things that subsist and be,
- 10 Have their commissions from divinity,
- 11 And teach us duty, I will see
- 12 What man may learn from thee.
- 13 First, I am sure, the subject so respected
- 14 Is well dispos'd, for bodies once infected,
- 15 Deprav'd, or dead, can have with thee
- 16 No hold, nor sympathy.
- 17 Next, there's in it a restless, pure desire
- 18 And longing for thy bright and vital fire,
- 19 Desire that never will be quench'd,
- 20 Nor can be writh'd, nor wrench'd.
- 21 These are the magnets which so strongly move
- 22 And work all night upon thy light and love,
- 23 As beauteous shapes, we know not why,
- 24 Command and guide the eye.
- 25 For where desire, celestial, pure desire
- 26 Hath taken root, and grows, and doth not tire,
- 27 There God a commerce states, and sheds
- 28 His secret on their heads.
- 29 This is the heart he craves, and who so will
- 30 But give it him, and grudge not, he shall feel
- 31 That God is true, as herbs unseen
- 32 Put on their youth and green.

The Storm

I SEE the use : and know my blood Is not a sea, But a shallow, bounded flood, Though red as he ; Yet have I flows, as strong as his, And boiling streams that rave With the same curling force, and hiss, As doth the mountain'd wave. 2.

But when his waters billow thus, Dark storms, and wind
Incite them to that fierce discuss, Else not inclin'd,
Thus the enlarg'd, enragèd air Uncalms these to a flood ;
But still the weather that's most fair Breeds tempests in my blood.
3.

Lord, then round me with weeping clouds, And let my mind
In quick blasts sigh beneath those shrouds, A spirit-wind ;
So shall that storm purge this recluse Which sinful ease made foul,
And wind and water to Thy use Both wash and wing my soul.

The Timber

Sure thou didst flourish once! and many springs, Many bright mornings, much dew, many showers, Pass'd o'er thy head; many light hearts and wings, Which now are dead, lodg'd in thy living bowers.

And still a new succession sings and flies; Fresh groves grow up, and their green branches shoot Towards the old and still enduring skies, While the low violet thrives at their root.

But thou beneath the sad and heavy line Of death, doth waste all senseless, cold, and dark; Where not so much as dreams of light may shine, Nor any thought of greenness, leaf, or bark.

And yet—as if some deep hate and dissent, Bred in thy growth betwixt high winds and thee, Were still alive—thou dost great storms resent Before they come, and know'st how near they be.

Else all at rest thou liest, and the fierce breath Of tempests can no more disturb thy ease; But this thy strange resentment after death Means only those who broke—in life—thy peace.

The True Christians

So stick up ivy and the bays, And then restore the heathen ways. Green will remind you of the spring, Though this great day denies the thing. And mortifies the earth and all But your wild revels, and loose hall. Could you wear flowers, and roses strow Blushing upon your breasts' warm snow, That very dress your lightness will Rebuke, and wither at the ill. The brightness of this day we owe Not unto music, masque, nor show: Nor gallant furniture, nor plate; But to the manger's mean estate. His life while here, as well as birth, Was but a check to pomp and mirth; And all man's greatness you may see Condemned by His humility. Then leave your open house and noise, To welcome Him with holy joys, And the poor shepherd's watchfulness: Whom light and hymns from heaven did bless. What you abound with, cast abroad To those that want, and ease your load. Who empties thus, will bring more in; But riot is both loss and sin. Dress finely what comes not in sight, And then you keep your Christmas right.

The Water-Fall

- 1 With what deep murmurs through time's silent stealth
- 2 Doth thy transparent, cool, and wat'ry wealth
- 3 Here flowing fall,
- 4 And chide, and call,
- 5 As if his liquid, loose retinue stay'd
- 6 Ling'ring, and were of this steep place afraid;
- 7 The common pass
- 8 Where, clear as glass,
- 9 All must descend
- 10 Not to an end,
- 11 But quicken'd by this deep and rocky grave,
- 12 Rise to a longer course more bright and brave.
- 13 Dear stream! dear bank, where often I
- 14 Have sate and pleas'd my pensive eye,
- 15 Why, since each drop of thy quick store
- 16 Runs thither whence it flow'd before,
- 17 Should poor souls fear a shade or night,
- 18 Who came, sure, from a sea of light?
- 19 Or since those drops are all sent back
- 20 So sure to thee, that none doth lack,
- 21 Why should frail flesh doubt any more
- 22 That what God takes, he'll not restore?
- 23 O useful element and clear!
- 24 My sacred wash and cleanser here,
- 25 My first consigner unto those
- 26 Fountains of life where the Lamb goes!
- 27 What sublime truths and wholesome themes
- 28 Lodge in thy mystical deep streams!
- 29 Such as dull man can never find
- 30 Unless that Spirit lead his mind
- 31 Which first upon thy face did move,
- 32 And hatch'd all with his quick'ning love.
- 33 As this loud brook's incessant fall
- 34 In streaming rings restagnates all,
- 35 Which reach by course the bank, and then
- 36 Are no more seen, just so pass men.
- 37 O my invisible estate,

- 38 My glorious liberty, still late!
- 39 Thou art the channel my soul seeks,
- 40 Not this with cataracts and creeks.

The World

- 1 I saw Eternity the other night,
- 2 Like a great ring of pure and endless light,
- 3 All calm, as it was bright;
- 4 And round beneath it, Time in hours, days, years,
- 5 Driv'n by the spheres
- 6 Like a vast shadow mov'd; in which the world
- 7 And all her train were hurl'd.
- 8 The doting lover in his quaintest strain
- 9 Did there complain;
- 10 Near him, his lute, his fancy, and his flights,
- 11 Wit's sour delights,
- 12 With gloves, and knots, the silly snares of pleasure,
- 13 Yet his dear treasure
- 14 All scatter'd lay, while he his eyes did pour
- 15 Upon a flow'r.
- 16 The darksome statesman hung with weights and woe,
- 17 Like a thick midnight-fog mov'd there so slow,
- 18 He did not stay, nor go;
- 19 Condemning thoughts (like sad eclipses) scowl
- 20 Upon his soul,
- 21 And clouds of crying witnesses without
- 22 Pursued him with one shout.
- 23 Yet digg'd the mole, and lest his ways be found,
- 24 Work'd under ground,
- 25 Where he did clutch his prey; but one did see
- 26 That policy;
- 27 Churches and altars fed him; perjuries
- 28 Were gnats and flies;
- 29 It rain'd about him blood and tears, but he
- 30 Drank them as free.
- 31 The fearful miser on a heap of rust
- 32 Sate pining all his life there, did scarce trust
- 33 His own hands with the dust,
- 34 Yet would not place one piece above, but lives
- 35 In fear of thieves;
- 36 Thousands there were as frantic as himself,
- 37 And hugg'd each one his pelf;

- 38 The downright epicure plac'd heav'n in sense,
- 39 And scorn'd pretence,
- 40 While others, slipp'd into a wide excess,
- 41 Said little less;
- 42 The weaker sort slight, trivial wares enslave,
- 43 Who think them brave;
- 44 And poor despised Truth sate counting by
- 45 Their victory.
- 46 Yet some, who all this while did weep and sing,
- 47 And sing, and weep, soar'd up into the ring;
- 48 But most would use no wing.
- 49 O fools (said I) thus to prefer dark night
- 50 Before true light,
- 51 To live in grots and caves, and hate the day
- 52 Because it shews the way,
- 53 The way, which from this dead and dark abode
- 54 Leads up to God,
- 55 A way where you might tread the sun, and be
- 56 More bright than he.
- 57 But as I did their madness so discuss
- 58 One whisper'd thus,
- 59 "This ring the Bridegroom did for none provide,
- 60 But for his bride."

They Are All Gone Into The World Of Light

- 1 They are all gone into the world of light!
- 2 And I alone sit ling'ring here;
- 3 Their very memory is fair and bright,
- 4 And my sad thoughts doth clear.
- 5 It glows and glitters in my cloudy breast,
- 6 Like stars upon some gloomy grove,
- 7 Or those faint beams in which this hill is drest,
- 8 After the sun's remove.
- 9 I see them walking in an air of glory,
- 10 Whose light doth trample on my days:
- 11 My days, which are at best but dull and hoary,
- 12 Mere glimmering and decays.
- 13 O holy Hope! and high Humility,
- 14 High as the heavens above!
- 15 These are your walks, and you have show'd them me
- 16 To kindle my cold love.
- 17 Dear, beauteous Death! the jewel of the just,
- 18 Shining nowhere, but in the dark;
- 19 What mysteries do lie beyond thy dust
- 20 Could man outlook that mark!
- 21 He that hath found some fledg'd bird's nest, may know
- 22 At first sight, if the bird be flown;
- 23 But what fair well or grove he sings in now,
- 24 That is to him unknown.
- 25 And yet as angels in some brighter dreams
- 26 Call to the soul, when man doth sleep:
- 27 So some strange thoughts transcend our wonted themes
- 28 And into glory peep.
- 29 If a star were confin'd into a tomb,
- 30 Her captive flames must needs burn there;
- 31 But when the hand that lock'd her up, gives room,
- 32 She'll shine through all the sphere.

- 33 O Father of eternal life, and all
- 34 Created glories under thee!
- 35 Resume thy spirit from this world of thrall
- 36 Into true liberty.
- 37 Either disperse these mists, which blot and fill
- 38 My perspective still as they pass,
- 39 Or else remove me hence unto that hill,
- 40 Where I shall need no glass.

Thou That Know'st For Whom I Mourn

THOU that know'st for whom I mourn, And why these tears appear, That keep'st account till he return Of all his dust left here ; As easily Thou might'st prevent, As now produce, these tears, And add unto that day he went A fair supply of years. But 'twas my sin that forc'd Thy hand To cull this primrose out, That by Thy early choice forewarn'd My soul might look about. O what a vanity is man ! How like the eye's quick wink His cottage fails ; whose narrow span Begins even at the brink ! Nine months thy hands are fashioning us, And many years—alas !— Ere we can lisp, or ought discuss Concerning Thee, must pass; Yet have I known Thy slightest things, A feather, or a shell, A stick, or rod, which some chance brings The best of us excel ; Yea, I have known these shreds outlast A fair-compacted frame, And for one twenty we have past Almost outlive our name. Thus hast Thou plac'd in man's outside Death to the common eye, That heaven within him might abide, And close eternity ; Hence youth, and folly, man's first shame, Are put unto the slaughter, And serious thoughts begin to tame The wise man's madness, laughter. Dull, wretched worms ! that would not keep Within our first fair bed, But out of Paradise must creep

For ev'ry foot to tread ! Yet had our pilgrimage been free, And smooth without a thorn, Pleasures had foil'd eternity, And tares had chok'd the corn. Thus by the cross salvation runs ; Affliction is a mother Whose painful throes yield many sons, Each fairer than the other. A silent tear can pierce Thy throne, When loud joys want a wing ; And sweeter airs stream from a groan, Than any arted string. Thus, Lord, I see my gain is great, My loss but little to it ; Yet something more I must entreat, And only Thou canst do it. O let me-like him-know my end ! And be as glad to find it : And whatsoe'er Thou shalt commend, Still let Thy servant mind it ! Then make my soul white as his own, My faith as pure and steady, And deck me, Lord, with the same crown Thou hast crown'd him already !

Unprofitableness

How rich, O Lord! how fresh thy visits are! 'Twas but just now my bleak leaves hopeless hung Sullied with dust and mud; Each snarling blast shot through me, and did share Their youth, and beauty, cold showers nipt, and wrung Their spiciness and blood; But since thou didst in one sweet glance survey Their sad decays, I flourish, and once more Breath all perfumes, and spice; I smell a dew like myrrh, and all the day Wear in my bosom a full sun; such store Hath one beam from thy eyes. But, ah, my God! what fruit hast thou of this? What one poor leaf did ever I yet fall To wait upon thy wreath? Thus thou all day a thankless weed dost dress, And when th'hast done, a stench or fog is all The odor I bequeath.

Upon The Priory Grove, His Usual Retirement

Hail sacred shades! cool, leavy House! Chaste treasurer of all my vows, And wealth! on whose soft bosom laid My love's fair steps I first betrayed: Henceforth no melancholy flight, No sad wing, or hoarse bird of night, Disturb this air, no fatal throat Of raven, or owl, awake the note Of our laid echo, no voice dwell Within these leaves, but Philomel. The poisonous ivy here no more His false twists on the oak shall score, Only the woodbine here may twine As th'emblem of her love and mine; Th'amorous sun shall here convey His best beams, in thy shades to play; The active air, the gentlest showers Shall from his wings rain on thy flowers; And the moon from her dewy locks Shall deck thee with her brightest drops: What ever can a fancy move, Or feed the eye; be on this Grove; And when at last the winds and tears Of Heaven, with the consuming years, Shall these green curls bring to decay, And clothe thee in an aged gray: (If ought a lover can foresee; Or if we poets, prophets be) From hence transplant'd, thou shalt stand A fresh Grove in th'Elysian land; Where (most blest pair!) as here on earth Thou first didst eye our growth and birth; So there again, thou'lt see us move In our first innocence, and love: And in thy shades, as now, so then, We'll kiss, and smile, and walk again.

Vain Wits And Eyes

VAIN wits and eyes Leave, and be wise : Abuse not, shun not holy fire, But with true tears wash off your mire. Tears and these flames will soon grow kind, And mix an eye-salve for the blind. Tears cleanse and supple without fail, And fire will purge your callous veil, Then comes the light ! which when you spy, And see your nakedness thereby, Praise Him, Who dealt His gifts so free In tears to you, in fire to me.

Vanity Of Spirit

Quite spent with thoughts, I left my cell and lay Where a shrill spring tuned to the early day. I begged here long, and groaned to know Who gave the clouds so brave a bow, Who bent the spheres, and circled in Corruption with this glorious ring; What is His name, and how I might Descry some part of His great light. I summoned nature: pierced through all her store, Broke up some seals which none had touched before: Her womb, her bosom, and her head Where all her secrets lay abed, I rifled quite; and having passed Through all her creatures, came at last To search myself, where I did find Traces and sounds of a strange kind. Here of this mighty spring I found some drills, With echoes beaten from the eternal hills; Weak beams and fires flashed to my sight, Like a young east, or moonshine night, Which showed me in a nook cast by A piece of much antiquity, With hieroglyphics guite dismembered, And broken letters scarce remembered. I took them up and, much joyed, went about To unite those pieces, hoping to find out The mystery; but this ne'er done, That little light I had was gone: It grieved me much. At last, said I, Since in these veils my eclipsed eye May not approach Thee (for at night Who can have commerce with the light?), I'll disapparel, and to buy But one half glance, mist gladly die.